China Construction Bank Corporation New Zealand Banking Group

Disclosure Statement

For the six months ended 30 June 2024



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Abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used throughout the report:	IRB Internal rating based
ALCO Asset and Liability Committee	IRRBB Interest rate risk in the banking book
ANZSIC Australia and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classifications	ISDA International Swaps and Derivatives Association
BARC Board Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee	LGD Loss given default
BPR Banking Prudential Requirements	LVR Loan-to-valuation ratio
CBIRC China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission	NAFR National Administration of Financial Regulation
CBRC China Banking Regulatory Commission	NII Net interest income
CCCFA Credit Contracts and Consumer Finance Act 2003	NZ GAAP New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting
CET1 Common Equity Tier 1	Principles
CFP Contingency funding plan	NZ IFRS New Zealand equivalent to International Financial
EAD Exposure at default	Reporting Standards
ECL Expected credit losses	PD Probability of default
EWI Early warning indicator	POCI Purchased and originated credit impaired
FVOCI Fair value through other comprehensive income	RBNZ Reserve Bank of New Zealand
FVTPL Fair value through profit or loss	RCD Registered Certificate of Deposit
IAS International Accounting Standards	RMB Chinese Yuan Renminbi
ICAAP Internal capital adequacy assessment process	RWA Risk weighted assets
	SICR Significant increase in credit risk

Disclosure Statement

For the six months ended 30 June 2024

General information and definitions

Certain information contained in this full year Disclosure Statement for the six months ended 30 June 2024, is as required by section 81 of the Banking (Prudential Supervision) Act 1989 and is in accordance with the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) (the "Order").

In this Disclosure Statement:

- China Construction Bank Corporation otherwise referred to as the "Overseas Bank", "Registered Bank", "Ultimate Parent Bank" or "CCBC", is domiciled in China refers to the worldwide business of China Construction Bank Corporation excluding its controlled entities;
- China Construction Bank Corporation Group otherwise referred to as the "Overseas Banking Group" is domiciled in China refers to the worldwide business of China Construction Bank Corporation including its controlled entities;
- China Construction Bank Corporation New Zealand Branch (the "branch") refers to the New Zealand branch of the Ultimate Parent Bank;
- China Construction Bank (New Zealand) Limited referred to as "CCBNZL" refers to the locally incorporated subsidiary of the Overseas Bank;
- China Construction Bank Corporation New Zealand Banking Group referred to as the "NZ Banking Group" refers to the New Zealand banking operations of the Overseas Banking Group, including:
 - (a) the branch; and
 - (b) CCBNZL
- The Board of Directors of the Overseas Bank referred to as the "Board".

Words and phrases defined by the Order have the same meaning when used in this Disclosure Statement. All amounts referred to in this Disclosure Statement are in thousands of New Zealand dollars (NZD) unless otherwise stated.

Corporate information

Registered Bank

Address for service - Overseas Bank's principal office outside of New Zealand is:	Address for service - branch:
China Construction Bank Corporation	China Construction Bank Corporation, New Zealand branch
No. 25 Financial Street,	Level 29 Vero Centre,
Xicheng District,	48 Shortland Street,
Beijing 100033,	Auckland 1010,
The People's Republic of China	New Zealand

The Disclosure Statement of the NZ Banking Group is available for download, free of charge, on the NZ Banking Group's website (http://nz.ccb.com). A printed copy will also be made available, free of charge, upon request and will be dispatched by the end of the second working day after the day on which the request has been received.

A copy of the Overseas Banking Group's most recently published financial statements is available for download, free of charge, on the Overseas Bank's website (http://en.ccb.com/eng/investor/performancereports/annual reports/index.shtml).

The NZ Banking Group's Climate Report for the year ending 31 December 2023 can also be accessed on the NZ Banking Group's website via the link provided below.

Climate Report

Subordination of claims of creditors

There are no material legislative and regulatory restrictions in the People's Republic of China that, in the event of a liquidation of the Overseas Bank, may subordinate the claims of unsecured creditors of the branch on the assets of the Overseas Bank to those of other unsecured creditors of the Overseas Bank.

Requirement to hold excess assets over deposit liabilities

The Overseas Bank is not required by any statute to hold in New Zealand an excess of assets over deposit liabilities.

Requirement to maintain sufficient assets to cover ongoing obligation to pay deposit liabilities

The Overseas Bank is required to hold sufficient high quality liquid assets as per the regulatory or legislative requirements in the People's Republic of China in order to cover an ongoing obligation to pay deposit liabilities under a stressed scenario.

Limits on material financial support by the Ultimate Parent Bank

There are no regulations, legislation or other restrictions of a legally enforceable nature in the People's Republic of China that may materially inhibit the legal ability of CCBC to provide material financial support to the NZ Banking Group.

Changes in the Overseas Bank's Board of Directors

The following changes to the composition of the Board have occurred since the Overseas Bank's previous full year Disclosure Statement for the year ended 31 December 2023:

- Mr. Kenneth Patrick Chung ceased to serve as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Board in June 2024.
- Mr. Yi Zhang was appointed as Vice Chairman and an Executive Director of the Board in June 2024.
- Ms. Min Shao ceased to serve as Non-executive Director of the Board in August 2024.

As at the date of signing this Disclosure Statement, there have been no other changes in the Board since 31 December 2023.

New Zealand Chief Executive Officer of the branch

Name	Mr. Jun Qi
Primary Occupation	Chief Executive Officer, China Construction Bank (New Zealand) Limited
Residence	Auckland, New Zealand
External Directorship	None

Guarantee arrangements

There have been no changes to the Deed of Guarantee (the "Guarantee") since the publication of the NZ Banking Group's full year Disclosure Statement for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Under the Guarantee:

- (a) There are no limits on the amount of the obligations guaranteed.
- (b) There are no material conditions applicable to the Guarantee other than non-performance by the Bank.
- (c) There are no material legislative or regulatory restrictions in China that would have the effect of subordinating the claims under the Guarantee of any of the Bank's creditors on the assets of the Ultimate Parent Bank, to other claims on the Ultimate Parent Bank in a winding up of the Ultimate Parent Bank.
- (d) The Guarantee does not have an expiry date.

Pending proceedings or arbitration

There are no pending legal proceedings or arbitrations concerning any member of the NZ Banking Group or, if publicly available, the Overseas Banking Group, whether in New Zealand or elsewhere, that may have a material adverse effect on the Overseas Bank or the NZ Banking Group.

Auditor

Ernst & Young ("EY"), 2 Takutai Square, Britomart, Auckland 1010, New Zealand.

Directors' and New Zealand Chief Executive Officer's Statements

Each Director and the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer believes, after due enquiry, that, as at the date on which this Disclosure Statement is signed:

- (a) the Disclosure Statement contains all the information that is required by the Order; and
- (b) the Disclosure Statement is not false or misleading.

Each Director and the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer believes, after due enquiry, that, for the six months ended 30 June 2024:

- (a) the Registered Bank has complied in all material respects with each condition of registration that applied during that period; and
- (b) the branch and CCBNZL had systems in place to monitor and control adequately the material risks of the NZ Banking Group including credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, equity risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and other business risks, and that those systems were being properly applied.

Signed by the New Zealand Chief Executive Officer of China Construction Bank Corporation New Zealand Branch

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Mr. Jun Qi Dated: 26 August 2024

Signed by and on behalf of all the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation

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CHAIRMAN & EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR - Mr. Jinliang Zhang Dated: 26 August 2024

For the six months ended 30 June 2024 All in NZD \$'000

Statement of comprehensive income

Solution30 Jun 202430 Jun 202331 Dec 2023For the period endedNote6 months6 months12 monthsInterest income(expense)2166,460127,796277,787Interest expense2(123,544)(84,866)(190,901)Other interest income / (expense)242,91642,93086,963Net fees and commission income33,7694,24210,588Other income / (expense)31,196(5,670)(15,586)Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Income tax expense28,42324,40047,9300028,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)6587286Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286254(2,234)(1,051)7Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286254(2,234)(1,051)1Net change in FVOCI reserve254(2,234)(1,051)1254(2,234)(1,051)Total comprehensive income attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,677			Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
Interest income2166,460127,796277,787Interest expense2(123,544)(84,866)(190,901)Other interest income / (expense)77Net interest income242,91642,93086,963Net fees and commission income33,7694,24210,588Other income / (expense)31,196(5,670)(15,586)Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)			30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
Interest expense2(123,544)(84,866)(190,901)Other interest income / (expense)77Net interest income242,91642,93086,963Net fees and commission income33,7694,24210,588Other income / (expense)31,196(5,670)(15,586)Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,01266,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	For the period ended	Note	6 months	6 months	12 months
Interest expense2(123,544)(84,866)(190,901)Other interest income / (expense)77Net interest income242,91642,93086,963Net fees and commission income33,7694,24210,588Other income / (expense)31,196(5,670)(15,586)Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,01266,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)					
Other interest income / (expense)77Net interest income242,91642,93086,963Net fees and commission income33,7694,24210,588Other income / (expense)31,196(5,670)(15,586)Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Interest income	2	166,460	127,796	277,787
Net interest income 2 42,916 42,930 86,963 Net fees and commission income 3 3,769 4,242 10,588 Other income / (expense) 3 1,196 (5,670) (15,586) Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges 47,881 41,502 81,965 Operating expenses (11,246) (10,240) (20,448) Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures 4 2,971 2,627 4,495 Profit before income tax income tax expense (11,183) (9,489) (18,082) Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group 28,423 24,400 47,930 Other comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss 189 (2,321) (1,337) Net change in cash flow hedge reserve 65 87 286 Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax 254 (2,234) (1,051)	Interest expense	2	(123,544)	(84,866)	(190,901)
Net fees and commission income33,7694,24210,588Other income / (expense)31,196(5,670)(15,586)Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve189(2,231)(1,337)Net change in FVOCI reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Other interest income / (expense)		-	-	77
Other income / (expense)31,196(5,670)(15,586)Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax0ther comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve189(2,234)(1,051)286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Net interest income	2	42,916	42,930	86,963
Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges47,88141,50281,965Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax0ther comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve189(2,234)(1,051)Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Net fees and commission income	3	3,769	4,242	10,588
Operating expenses(11,246)(10,240)(20,448)Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax0ther comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Other income / (expense)	3	1,196	(5,670)	(15,586)
Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures42,9712,6274,495Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Net operating income before operating expenses and impairment charges		47,881	41,502	81,965
Profit before income tax39,60633,88966,012Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax0ther comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Operating expenses		(11,246)	(10,240)	(20,448)
Income tax expense(11,183)(9,489)(18,082)Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of tax0ther comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in cash flow hedge reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures	4	2,971	2,627	4,495
Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group28,42324,40047,930Other comprehensive income, net of taxOther comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or lossNet change in cash flow hedge reserve189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in FVOCI reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Profit before income tax		39,606	33,889	66,012
Other comprehensive income, net of taxOther comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or lossNet change in cash flow hedge reserve189Net change in FVOCI reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Income tax expense		(11,183)	(9,489)	(18,082)
Other comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or lossNet change in cash flow hedge reserve189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in FVOCI reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Profit after income tax attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group		28,423	24,400	47,930
Net change in cash flow hedge reserve189(2,321)(1,337)Net change in FVOCI reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Other comprehensive income, net of tax				
Net change in FVOCI reserve6587286Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax254(2,234)(1,051)	Other comprehensive income / (expense) which may be reclassified to profit or loss				
Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax 254 (2,234) (1,051)	Net change in cash flow hedge reserve		189	(2,321)	(1,337)
	Net change in FVOCI reserve		65	87	286
	Total other comprehensive income / (expense), net of tax		254	(2,234)	(1,051)
			28,677	22,166	46,879

Statement of changes in equity

	NZ Banking Group								
		NZ Branch				CCBNZL			
For the six months ended 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	Share capital	Retained earnings	Cash flow hedge reserve	FVOCI reserve	Share capital	Retained earnings	Cash flow hedge reserve	FVOCI reserve	Total
Balance at 1 January 2024	-	60,752	(1,829)	-	199,178	117,023	(3,728)	134	371,530
Profit after income tax	-	15,101	-	-	-	13,323	-	-	28,424
Other comprehensive income / (expense) -	-	367	-	-	-	(178)	65	254
Total comprehensive income / (expense) for the period	-	15,101	367		-	13,323	(178)	65	28,678
Balance at 30 June 2024	-	75,853	(1,462)	-	199,178	130,346	(3,906)	199	400,208

For the six months ended 30 June

2023 (Unaudited)									
Balance at 1 January 2023	-	39,505	(2,447)	-	199,178	90,340	(1,773)	(152)	324,651
Profit after income tax	-	11,487	-	-	-	12,913	-	-	24,400
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(60)	-	-	-	(2,261)	87	(2,234)
Total comprehensive income /									
(expense) for the period	-	11,487	(60)	-	-	12,913	(2,261)	87	22,166
Balance at 30 June 2023	-	50,992	(2,507)	-	199,178	103,253	(4,034)	(65)	346,817

For the year ended 31 December 2023

(Audited)

Balance at 1 January 2023	-	39,505	(2,447)	-	199,178	90,340	(1,773)	(152)	324,651
Profit after income tax	-	21,247	-	-	-	26,683	-	-	47,930
Other comprehensive expense	-	-	618	-	-	-	(1,955)	286	(1,051)
Total comprehensive income /									
(expense) for the year	-	21,247	618	-	-	26,683	(1,955)	286	46,879
Balance at 31 December 2023	-	60,752	(1,829)	-	199,178	117,023	(3,728)	134	371,530

For the six months ended 30 June 2024 All in NZD \$000's

Balance sheet

As at		Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Assets				
Cash and balances with central banks	6	609,798	542,247	372,436
Due from other financial institutions	7	255,888	116,339	128,439
Investment securities	8	227,963	323,777	338,889
Loans and advances	9	3,876,041	3,175,474	3,661,028
Due from related parties	16	358	164,817	967
Derivative financial assets		33,549	50,275	21,915
Property, plant and equipment	10	3,575	4,449	4,058
Intangible assets		76	6	30
Deferred tax assets		3,895	8,510	4,706
Other assets	_	408	206	382
Total assets	_	5,011,551	4,386,100	4,532,850
Liabilities				
Due to other financial institutions	11	1 070 661	070.040	1 240 405
	11 12	1,872,661	873,218	1,249,195
Deposits from customers Debt securities issued	12	457,976	406,767	509,320
	13	860,165	829,680	872,408
Due to related parties	10	1,391,372	1,872,441	1,449,368
Current tax liabilities		1,516	3,567	5,908
Derivative financial liabilities		18,427	40,681	62,976
Other liabilities	14	9,226	12,929	12,145
Total liabilities	_	4,611,343	4,039,283	4,161,320
Head Office account		75.050	50.000	00 700
Retained earnings		75,853	50,992	60,752
Reserves	-	(1,462)	(2,507)	(1,829)
Total Head Office account	_	74,391	48,485	58,923
Equity		400 470	400.470	400 470
Share capital		199,178	199,178	199,178
Retained earnings		130,346	103,253	117,023
Reserves	-	(3,707)	(4,099)	(3,594)
Total equity	-	325,817	298,332	312,607
Total equity attributable to the owner of the NZ Banking Group	-	400,208	346,817	371,530
Total liabilities and equity	_	5,011,551	4,386,100	4,532,850
Total interest earning and discount bearing assets		4,968,794	4,327,220	4,501,207
Total interest and discount bearing liabilities	_	4,559,642	4,011,898	4,058,690

These interim financial statements were approved and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:

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CHAIRMAN & EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR - Mr. Jinliang Zhang Dated: 26 August 2024

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VICE CHAIRMAN & EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR - Mr. Yi Zhang Dated: 26 August 2024

Statement of cash flows

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
		30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
For the period ended	Note	6 months	6 months	12 months
Cash flows from operating activities				
Interest received		154,718	118,757	254,916
Interest paid		(123,515)	(86,575)	(203,245)
Income received from financial instruments designated as FVOCI		9,733	5,140	11,695
Non-interest income received		4,210	4,465	10,273
Non-interest expense paid		(61,409)	(55,628)	29,776
Operating expenses paid		(10,082)	(8,444)	(18,900)
Income taxes paid		(14,837)	(14,919)	(17,750)
Net cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities		(41,182)	(37,204)	66,765
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Net change in GST receivable		10	(51)	(49)
Net change in other assets		(36)	51	(127)
Net change in loans and advances		(212,389)	82,213	(395,551)
Net change in due from related parties		3	(164,228)	(14)
Net change in due to other financial institutions		623,465	(570,361)	(194,384)
Net change in deposits from customers		(50,254)	(56,097)	44,385
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		360,799	(708,473)	(545,740)
Net cash flows provided by / (used in) operating activities ¹	5	319,617	(745,677)	(478,975)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of investment securities		110,865	(138,521)	(149,918)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(65)	(100,021)	(110,010)
Purchase of intangible assets		(50)	(0)	(25)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		110,750	(138,526)	(150,031)
Cook flows from financian activities				
Cash flows from financing activities Amount borrowed from related parties		46,060	362,612	2,590
Repayment of due to related parties Issuance of debt securities	13	(98,848)	(51,737) 245,000	(143,745)
Repayment of debt securities	13	197,141		455,000
Repayment of subordinated debt	15	(210,000)	(175,000)	(345,000)
		(E4E)	(15,000)	(15,000)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(515)	(483)	(997)
Net cash flows provided by / (used in) financing activities		(66,162)	365,392	(47,152)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		364,205	(518,811)	(676,158)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		501,828	1,177,986	1,177,986
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	20 (a)	866,033	659,175	501,828
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period comprise:				
Cash and balances with central banks	20 (a)	609,798	542,247	372,436
Due from other financial institutions (call or original maturity of 3 months or less)	20 (a) 20 (a)	255,888	116,339	128,439
Due from related parties (nostro account)	20 (a)	347	589	953
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	20 (u)	866,033	659,175	501,828
oush and oush equivalents at end of the period		000,000	033,175	501,020

¹ For the period ended 30 June 2024, the presentation of net cash flows from operating activities has been revised back to the Direct method from the Indirect method to align with industry standards in New Zealand, and provide stakeholders with increased clarity. The reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash flows from operating activities is summarised in Note 5.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

1. Statement of accounting policies

1.1 Reporting entity

The reporting entity is the NZ Banking Group as described under General Information and Definitions. It is an aggregation of the China Construction Bank Corporation New Zealand Branch (the "branch") and China Construction Bank (New Zealand) Limited (the "subsidiary"). The principal activity of the NZ Banking Group is the provision of a range of banking products and services to business, corporate, institutional and retail customers.

These condensed interim financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of the Overseas Bank on 26 August 2024. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should therefore be read in conjunction with the NZ Banking Group's financial statements for the full year ended 31 December 2023.

1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and the Order. These financial statements comply with NZ GAAP and with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards ("NZ IFRS") and other applicable Financial Reporting Standards as appropriate for Tier 1 for-profit entities. They also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRS IC") applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except by the application of fair value measurements required or allowed by relevant accounting standards.

The going concern and the accrual bases of accounting have been adopted.

1.3 Basis of aggregation

The basis of aggregation is an addition of the branch and the subsidiary balances, with any transactions between the branch and the subsidiary eliminated to form the combined financial statements.

1.4 Presentation currency and rounding

All amounts contained in the financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, which is the NZ Banking Group's functional and presentation currency. The amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

1.5 Comparative data

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to ensure consistency with the current reporting period where appropriate.

1.6 Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation are consistent with those of the NZ Banking Group's financial statements for the full year ended 31 December 2023 and six months ended 30 June 2023. There have been no material changes to the accounting policies during the six months ended 30 June 2024 apart from the presentation of the cash flow statement as detailed below.

1.7 Presentation of the cash flow statement

During the six months ended 30 June 2024, the NZ Banking Group changed the presentation of its net cash flow from operating activities back to the Direct method. Previously, the interim cash flow statement was presented using the Indirect method to align with the presentation used by the Ultimate Parent Bank. The change in presentation enhances the ability of users to understand how the NZ Banking Group generates and uses cash and cash equivalents from operating activities during the reporting periods. The reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash flows from operating activities is summarised in Note 5.

Financial Performance

2. Net interest income

	Unaudited Jun 2024 6 months	Unaudited Jun 2023 6 months	Audited Dec 2023 12 months
Interest income			
¹ Cash and balances with central banks	7,476	10,587	19,829
¹ Due from other financial institutions	776	3,773	5,518
¹ Loans and advances	148,675	106,188	234,894
¹ Due from related parties	1	71	335
² Investment securities	9,532	7,177	17,211
Total interest income	166,460	127,796	277,787
Interest expense			
³ Due to other financial institutions	(33,153)	(11,904)	(30,538)
³ Deposits and other borrowings	(22,381)	(13,754)	(36,387)
³ Due to related parties	(43,586)	(35,477)	(74,950)
³ Debt securities issued	(24,385)	(23,682)	(48,932)
³ Lease liabilities	(39)	(49)	(94)
Total interest expense	(123,544)	(84,866)	(190,901)
Other interest income / (expense)			
⁴ Investment securities	-	-	77
Total other interest income / (expense)	-	-	77
Total net interest income	42,916	42,930	86,963

¹ Interest earned on financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost.

² Interest earned on financial assets classified and measured at FVOCI.

³ Interest expense on financial liabilities classified and measured at amortised cost.

⁴ Interest earned on financial assets classified and measured at FVTPL.

3. Non-interest income

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	Jun 2024	Jun 2023	Dec 2023
	6 months	6 months	12 months
Fees and commission income			
Lending and credit facility related fee income	3,989	4,010	10,225
Trade finance and other fee income	6	321	616
Total fees and commission income	3,995	4,331	10,841
Other fee expense	(226)	(89)	(253)
Net fees and commission income	3,769	4,242	10,588
Other income / (expense)			
Net ineffectiveness on fair value hedges	204	134	(593)
Net ineffectiveness on cash flow hedges	1,161	400	(558)
Other gains / (losses) on financial instruments ¹	(169)	(6,204)	(14,473)
Net gain on financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	38
Total other income / (expense)	1,196	(5,670)	(15,586)
Total net non-interest income / expense	4,965	(1,428)	(4,998)

¹ Includes customer driven trading income used for hedging purposes.

4. Impairment (charges) / write-backs on credit exposures

	Other financial assets ¹	Residential mortgage Ioans	Corporate exposures	Other exposures	Off-balance sheet credit related business ²	Total impairment loss
For the six months ended 30 June 2024 (Unaudite	<u>d)</u>					
Movement in collectively assessed provisions	79	(2,166)	2,002	-	3,056	2,971
Movement in individually assessed provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bad debts written-off directly to the profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bad debts recovered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total impairment (charges) / write-backs	79	(2,166)	2,002	-	3,056	2,971
For the six months ended 30 June 2023 (Unaudite Movement in collectively assessed provisions Movement in individually assessed provisions Bad debts written-off directly to the profit or loss Bad debts recovered	(69) - -	(510)	2,358	- - -	848 - - -	2,627
Total impairment (charges) / write-backs	(69)	(510)	2,358	-	848	2,627
For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Audited) Movement in collectively assessed provisions Movement in individually assessed provisions Bad debts written-off directly to the profit or loss	22 - (140)	2,211 - -	1,962	-	440	4,635 - (140)
Bad debts recovered	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total impairment (charges) / write-backs	(118)	2,211	1,962	-	440	4,495

¹ Other financial assets includes impairment losses on due from other financial institutions and investment securities.

² The provision for off-balance sheet credit related business is included in other liabilities (Note 14).

5. Net cash flows used in operating activities

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
For the period ended	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
Reconciliation of profit after income tax to net cash flows from / (used in) operating activities			
Profit after income tax	28,423	24,400	47,930
Adjustments:			
Impairment losses on credit exposures	(2,971)	(2,627)	(4,495)
Depreciation and amortisation	550	494	969
Income tax expense	(3,655)	(5,430)	331
Movement in fair value of financial assets and liabilities	(62,165)	(49,735)	45,047
Movement in interest accruals	(1,364)	(4,306)	(23,017)
Net (increase) / decrease in operating assets:			
GST receivable	10	(51)	(49)
Loans and advances	(212,389)	82,213	(395,551)
Due from related parties ¹	3	(164,228)	(14)
Other assets	(36)	51	(127)
Net increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Due to other financial institutions	623,465	(570,361)	(194,384)
Deposits from customers	(50,254)	(56,097)	44,385
Net cash flow (used in) / from operating activities	319,617	(745,677)	(478,975)

¹ The Due from related parties amounts exclude nostro balances held with the Ultimate Parent Bank.

Financial Position

6. Cash and balances with central banks

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
As at	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
Settlement account balances with central banks	609,798	542,247	372,436
Total cash and balances with central banks	609,798	542,247	372,436

7. Due from other financial institutions

As at	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Placements with other financial institutions – call ¹	205,361	26,419	13,469
Placements with other financial institutions – term	50,541	90,067	114,987
Provision for impairment losses	(14)	(147)	(17)
Total amount due from other financial institutions	255,888	116,339	128,439

¹ Included in Placements with other financial institutions as at 30 June 2024 are unsettled receivables from HSBC Bank Hong Kong amounting to \$196m. These receivables relate to securities issued in June 2024, with settlement scheduled for July 2024. The amount was settled on 9th July 2024.

8. Investment securities

As at	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
At FVOCI			
Registered bank securities	85,679	75,618	85,685
Multilateral development banks and other international organisations	136,370	242,377	247,334
Government securities	5,914	5,782	5,870
Total investment securities at FVOCI	227,963	323,777	338,889

Included in Total investment securities at FVOCI as at 30 June 2024 was \$35m encumbered through repurchase agreements (30 June 2023: \$51m, 31 December 2023: \$51m). These securities have not been derecognised by the NZ Banking Group as the NZ Banking Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Counterparties have the right to sell or repledge these encumbered securities. The NZ Banking Group's obligation to repurchase securities is classified under Note 11.

9. Loans and advances

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
As at	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
Residential mortgages	871,457	772,849	792,174
Corporate exposures	3,026,233	2,423,977	2,889,377
Total gross loans and advances	3,897,690	3,196,826	3,681,551
Unearned income	(11,776)	(6,379)	(10,236)
Loan origination fees	1,558	872	1,554
Fair value hedge adjustments	(746)	(2,998)	(1,319)
Loans and advances before provision for impairment	3,886,726	3,188,321	3,671,550
Provision for impairment losses	(10,685)	(12,847)	(10,522)
Total net loans and advances	3,876,041	3,175,474	3,661,028

10. Property, plant and equipment

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
As at	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
Property, plant and equipment	4,447	4,300	4,383
Accumulated depreciation	(3,781)	(3,658)	(3,683)
Total property, plant and equipment	666	642	700
Right-of-use assets ¹	7,736	7,736	7,736
Accumulated depreciation	(4,827)	(3,929)	(4,378)
Total right-of-use assets	2,909	3,807	3,358
Total property, plant and equipment	3,575	4,449	4,058

¹ Includes leases for a corporate office in Auckland and a kitchen appliance.

Additions to the right-of-use assets for the six months ended 30 June 2024 for the NZ Banking Group is nil (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

11. Due to other financial institutions

As at	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Placements from other financial institutions	1,834,069	819,769	1,194,332
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase from central banks	38,592	53,449	54,863
Total amount due to other financial institutions	1,872,661	873,218	1,249,195

12. Deposits from customers

As at	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Demand deposits bearing interest	31,812	31,517	39,001
Deposits not bearing interest	6,197	5,212	7,285
Term deposits	419,967	370,038	463,034
Total deposits from customers	457,976	406,767	509,320

The branch held no retail deposits as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

13. Debt securities issued

As at	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Short term debt			
Registered certificates of deposit	-	20,000	60,000
Long term debt			
Medium-term notes	857,141	810,000	810,000
Total debt securities issued at face value	857,141	830,000	870,000
Movement in debt securities issued			
Balance at beginning of the period	872,408	754,322	754,322
Issuance during the period	197,141	245,000	455,000
Repayments during the period	(210,000)	(175,000)	(345,000)
Effect of fair value hedge adjustment	1,544	2,856	4,876
Net effect of transaction costs and accruals	(928)	2,502	3,210
Balance at end of the period	860,165	829,680	872,408
Total debt securities	860,165	829,680	872,408
			100

14. Other liabilities

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
<u>As at</u>	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
Other liabilities			
Trade creditors and other accrued expenses	503	563	721
Lease liabilities ¹	3,358	4,305	3,835
Employee entitlements	4,727	4,775	3,895
Provision for impairment on off-balance sheet credit related business	638	3,286	3,694
Total other liabilities	9,226	12,929	12,145

¹ Includes leases for a corporate office in Auckland and a kitchen appliance.

Other information about leases for which the NZ Banking Group is a lessee is presented below.

		Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
(a)	Amounts recognised in profit or loss			
	Interest on lease liabilities	39	49	94
	Depreciation charge on right-of-use assets	449	449	898
	Total amounts recognised in profit or loss	488	498	992
(b)	Maturity analysis of contracted undiscounted cash flows			
	Less than one year	1,033	1,030	1,032
	One to five years	2,352	3,296	2,824
	More than five years	98	187	143
	Total undiscounted lease liabilities	3,483	4,513	3,999
(c)	Lease liabilities included in other liabilities			
	Current	956	974	965
	Non-current	2,402	3,331	2,870
	Total lease liabilities included in other liabilities	3,358	4,305	3,835
(d)	Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows			
	Total cash outflow for leases ¹	554	532	1,091

¹ Comparative information for 30 June 2023 has been restated to include interest paid on lease liabilities.

15. Fair value of financial instruments

Classification of financial instruments and estimates of fair value

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis either at fair value or at amortised cost. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The methods and assumptions used in the fair value estimates are described below.

(a) Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price in an active market. Wherever possible the NZ Banking Group determines the fair value of a financial instrument based on the quoted price. Where no quoted price in an active market is available, the NZ Banking Group applies present value estimates or other valuation techniques based on current market conditions.

These valuation techniques rely on market observable inputs wherever possible or in a limited number of instances rely on inputs which are unobservable but are reasonable assumptions based on market conditions. The NZ Banking Group categorises all fair value measurements according to the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

"Level 1" - Quoted market price

Fair value measurement where inputs are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in an active market for identical financial assets or financial liabilities.

"Level 2" - Valuation technique using observable inputs

Where quoted market prices are not available in active markets for similar instruments, fair values have been estimated using present value or valuation techniques using significant inputs that are observable for the financial asset or financial liability, either directly or indirectly from market data.

"Level 3" – Valuation technique with significant non-observable inputs

Fair value measurement where at least one input which could have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation is not based on observable market data. All of the NZ Banking Group's financial instruments measured at FVTPL and FVOCI are recognised on a recurring basis within Level 2. The NZ Banking Group considers transfers between levels, if any, are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period.

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the period ended 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil). There have been no transfers into / out of Level 3 during the period ended 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

The table below shows the fair value of the NZ Banking Group's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis according to the fair value hierarchy described above.

Valuation Hierarchy	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Level 2	227,963	323,777	338,889
Level 2	33,549	50,275	21,915
	261,512	374,052	360,804
Level 2	18,427	40,681	62,976
	18,427	40,681	62,976
	Hierarchy Level 2 Level 2	Hierarchy 30 Jun 2024 Level 2 227,963 Level 2 33,549 261,512 18,427	Hierarchy 30 Jun 2024 30 Jun 2023 Level 2 227,963 323,777 Level 2 33,549 50,275 261,512 374,052 Level 2 18,427 40,681

(b) Fair value of financial instruments

Further information on valuation techniques and assumptions for specific financial instruments is included in Note 19 of the NZ Banking Group's annual Disclosure Statement.

The following tables compare the fair value of financial instruments with their carrying amounts.

				Fair value -	Total	
As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	At amortised cost	At FVOCI	At FVTPL	derivative instruments	carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets						
Cash and balances with central banks	609,798	-	-	-	609,798	609,798
Due from other financial institutions	255,888	-	-	-	255,888	255,888
Investment securities		227,963	-	-	227,963	227,963
Loans and advances	3,876,041	-	-	-	3,876,041	4,287,200
Due from related parties	358	-	-	-	358	358
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	33,549	33,549	33,549
Other assets	90	-	-	-	90	90
Total financial assets	4,742,175	227,963	-	33,549	5,003,687	5,414,846
Financial liabilities						
Due to other financial institutions	1,872,661	-	-	-	1,872,661	1,872,112
Deposits from customers	457,976	-	-	-	457,976	463,183
Debt securities issued	860,165	-	-	-	860,165	909,113
Due to related parties	1,391,372	-	-	-	1,391,372	1,422,399
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	18,427	18,427	18,427
Lease liabilities	3,358	-	-	-	3,358	3,358
Total financial liabilities	4,585,532		-	18,427	4,603,959	4,688,592

For the six months ended 30 June 2024 All in NZD \$000's

As at 30 June 2023 (Unaudited)	At amortised cost	At FVOCI	At FVTPL	Fair value - derivative instruments	Total carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets						
Cash and balances with central banks	542,247	-	-	-	542,247	542,247
Due from other financial institutions	116,339	-	-	-	116,339	116,339
Investment securities	-	323,777	-	-	323,777	323,777
Loans and advances	3,175,474	-	-	-	3,175,474	3,333,492
Due from related parties	164,817	-	-	-	164,817	164,916
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	50,275	50,275	50,275
Other assets	102	-	-	-	102	102
Total financial assets	3,998,979	323,777	-	50,275	4,373,031	4,531,148
Financial liabilities						
Due to other financial institutions	873,218	-	-	-	873,218	876,719
Deposits from customers	406,767	-	-	-	406,767	412,540
Debt securities issued	829,680	-	-	-	829,680	871,952
Due to related parties	1,872,441	-	-	-	1,872,441	1,900,643
Subordinated debt		-	-	-		-,000,010
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	40,681	40,681	40,681
Lease liabilities	4,305	-	-	-	4,305	4,305
Total financial liabilities	3,986,411	-	-	40,681	4,027,092	4,106,840
As at 31 December 2023 (Audited) Financial assets						
Cash and balances with central banks	372,436	-	-	-	372,436	372,436
Due from other financial institutions	128,439	-	-	-	128,439	128,439
Investment securities	-	338,889	-	-	338,889	338,889
Loans and advances	3,661,028	-	-	-	3,661,028	4,060,223
Due from related parties	967	-	-	-	967	967
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	21,915	21,915	21,915
Other assets	100	-	-	-	100	100
Total financial assets	4,162,970	338,889	-	21,915	4,523,774	4,922,969
Financial liabilities						
Due to other financial institutions	1,249,195	-	-	-	1,249,195	1,244,843
Deposits from customers	509,320	-	-	-	509,320	513,164
Debt securities issued	872,408	-	-	-	872,408	917,937
Due to related parties	1,449,368	-	-	-	1,449,368	1,464,415
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	62,976	62,976	62,976
Lease liabilities	3,835	-	-	-	3,835	3,835
Total financial liabilities	4,084,126	-	-	62,976	4,147,102	4,207,170

16. Related party transactions and balances

During the period ended 30 June 2024, the NZ Banking Group has entered into or had in place various financial transactions with members of the Overseas Banking Group, represented by the Ultimate Parent Bank.

(a) Nature of transactions and balances with related parties

The NZ Banking Group undertakes transactions with the Overseas Banking Group. These transactions principally consist of funding (interest bearing) and hedging transactions (interest bearing) and the provision of technology and process support transactions with related parties outside of the NZ Banking Group. The settlement of the balances will be in cash consideration.

(b) Ultimate Parent Bank

The amounts due from the Ultimate Parent Bank consists of nostro accounts held with the Ultimate Parent Bank and other receivables, which is reflected as cash and liquid assets.

The amounts due to the Ultimate Parent Bank consist of borrowed funds from the Ultimate Parent Bank measured at amortised cost. These borrowings are made in the normal course of business and interest paid on borrowings is at market rates.

The amounts due from and due to the Ultimate Parent Bank also include derivative instruments held with the Ultimate Parent Bank, which are marked to market and reflected as derivative financial assets and liabilities.

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
Recognised in	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
(a) Transactions with related parties			
Interest income ¹	166	202	633
Interest expense ²	(38,531)	(32,088)	(66,487)
Non-interest income / (expense)			
Unrealised gain / (loss) on derivatives	(316)	(5,177)	(11,530)
Total profit or loss impact	(38,681)	(; ,	(77,384)
(b) Balances with related parties			
Due from related parties			
Cash and liquid assets	343	164,787	949
Other assets	15	30	18
Total due from related parties	358	164,817	967
Derivative financial assets	21,047	35,895	8,886
Total related party assets	21,405	200,712	9,853
Due to related parties			
Borrowings at amortised cost	1,391,372	1,872,441	1,449,368
Total due to related parties	1,391,372	1,872,441	1,449,368
	1,001,012	1,072,771	1,443,300
Derivative financial liabilities	2,910	19,582	38,342
Total related party liabilities	1,394,282	1,892,023	1,487,710

¹ Included in related party interest income are interest earned on liquid assets and derivative financial assets.

² Included in related party interest expense are interest paid on borrowings with related parties and derivative financial liabilities. Comparatives for periods ending 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2023 also include interest paid on subordinated debt. The subordinated debt was fully repaid in April 2023.

There were no debts with any related parties written off or forgiven during the six months ended 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

Provision for credit impairment of nil has been recognised in respect of the related party assets as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

Risk Management

A. Risk management disclosure

There have been no material changes to the risk management policies and no new categories of risk to which the NZ Banking Group has become exposed since 31 December 2023.

B. Market disruption

The volatility impacting the financial services sector remains elevated as a result of persistently high inflation and interest rates, supply chain disruptions, and the more moderate economic outlooks both locally and globally. To date, the impact on the NZ Banking Group's existing customer base remains minimal. The NZ Banking Group intends to continue to closely monitor the operating environment and actively manage the impact on its operating strategy, financial position, portfolio quality and performance.

C. Impacts of climate change on credit risk

The NZ Banking Group recognises the potential compounding effects climate-related risks may pose to the financial system and the NZ Banking Group's other risks. As a responsible financial institution, the NZ Banking Group is committed to understanding and applying a risk-based approach to the management of the risks and opportunities associated with climate change. The NZ Banking Group's climate risk appetite is designed therefore to ensure that it can effectively manage and mitigate climate-related risks while balancing the needs of its key stakeholders. This includes having clear processes to identify and assess the physical, transition and other climate related risks across its business activities. Additionally, the NZ Banking Group embraces the opportunity to work with its customers in this area to deliver better customer outcomes.

17. Asset quality

A. Credit quality information

As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	Residential mortgages	Corporate exposures	Other exposures	Total loans and advances
(a) Asset quality - advances to customers				
Neither past due nor impaired	871,457	3,026,233	-	3,897,690
Past due but not impaired		-	-	
Individually impaired assets		-	-	
Provision for credit impairment	(6,784)	(3,902)	-	(10,686)
Unearned income		-	-	(11,776)
Loan origination fees		-	-	1,558
Fair value hedge adjustments		-	-	(746)
Net carrying amount	864,673	3,022,331	-	3,876,040
(b) Ageing of past due but not impaired				
Less than 30 days	-	-	-	-
30 to 59 days	-	-	-	-
60 to 89 days	-	-	-	-
90 days and over	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	-	-	-	-
(c) Individually impaired assets				
Balance at beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Additions		-	-	
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Deletions		-	-	-
Net carrying amount	-	-	-	-

Total las

For the six months ended 30 June 2024

All in NZD \$000's

	Residential mortgage	Corporate	Other	Total loans and
As at 30 June 2023 (Unaudited)	loans	exposures	exposures	advances
(a) Asset quality - advances to customers				
Neither past due nor impaired	770,896	2,423,977	-	3,194,873
Past due but not impaired	1,953	-	-	1,953
Individually impaired assets	-	-	-	-
Provision for credit impairment	(7,339)	(5,508)	-	(12,847)
Unearned income	-	-	-	(6,379)
Loan origination fees Fair value hedge adjustments	-	-	-	872
Net carrying amount	765,510	2,418,469		(2,998) 3,175,474
(b) Ageing of past due but not impaired Less than 30 days				
30 to 59 days	- 1,953	-	-	- 1,953
60 to 89 days	-	-	-	-
90 days and over	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	1,953	-	-	1,953
(a) Individually impaired access				
(c) Individually impaired assets Balance at beginning of the year	-	_	_	-
Additions	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Deletions	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2023 (Audited)				
(a) Asset quality - advances to customers				
Neither past due nor impaired	792,174	2,889,377	-	3,681,551
Past due but not impaired			-	-
Individually impaired assets	-	-	-	-
Provision for credit impairment	(4,618)	(5,904)	-	(10,522)
Unearned income	-	-	-	(10,236)
Loan origination fees	-	-	-	1,554
Fair value hedge adjustments	-	-	-	(1,319)
Carrying amount	787,556	2,883,473	-	3,661,028
(b) Ageing of past due but not impaired				
Less than 30 days	-	-	-	-
30 to 59 days	-	-	-	-
60 to 89 days	-	-	-	-
90 days and over	-	-	-	-
Carrying amount	-	-	-	-
(c) Individually impaired assets				
Balance at beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Additions Amounts written off	-		-	
Amounts written off Deletions	-		-	
Net carrying amount		-	-	
too our ying amount		-		

Asset quality for financial assets designated as FVTPL The NZ Banking Group does not have any financial assets designated as FVTPL as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

B. Movement in loans and advances

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3		
As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	<u>12-months</u> <u>ECL</u>	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL credit impaired	Individually assessed Lifetime ECL	<u>Total</u>
(a) Residential mortgages					
Gross balance as at 1 January 2024	792,174	-	-	-	792,174
Additions	150,517	1,624	-	-	152,141
Deletions	(71,234)	(1,624)	-	-	(72,858)
Gross balance as at 30 June 2024	871,457	-	-	-	871,457
(b) Corporate exposures					
Gross balance as at 1 January 2024	2,856,576	32,801	_	-	2,889,377
Additions	1,011,381	14,468	-	_	1,025,849
Deletions	(874,320)	(14,673)	-	-	(888,993)
Gross balance as at 30 June 2024	2,993,637	32,596	-	-	3,026,233
(a) Tatal leans and advances		,			
(c) Total loans and advances Gross balance as at 1 January 2024	2 649 750	22 001			2 604 554
Additions	3,648,750	32,801	-	1	3,681,551
Deletions	1,161,898 (945,554)	16,092 (16,297)			1,177,990 (961,851)
Gross balance as at 30 June 2024	3,865,094	32,596			3,897,690
	3,003,034	52,550			3,031,030
As at 30 June 2023 (Unaudited)					
(a) Residential mortgages					
Gross balance as at 1 January 2023	738,651	-	-	-	738,651
Additions	101,600	1,953	-	-	103,553
Deletions	(69,355)	-	-	-	(69,355)
Gross balance as at 30 June 2023	770,896	1,953	-	-	772,849
(b) Corporate exposures					
Gross balance as at 1 January 2023	2,533,005	2,964	_	-	2,535,969
Additions	606,344	15	-	-	606,359
Deletions	(715,372)	(2,979)	-	-	(718,351)
Gross balance as at 30 June 2023	2,423,977	-	-	-	2,423,977
(a) Tetal leans and advances					
(c) Total loans and advances Gross balance as at 1 January 2023	3,271,656	2.064			3,274,620
Additions	3,271,050 707,944	2,964 1,968	-	-	3,274,620 709,912
Deletions	(784,727)	(2,979)	-	-	(787,706)
Gross balance as at 30 June 2023	3,194,873	1,953			3,196,826
	5,154,075	1,000			3,130,020
As at 31 December 2023 (Audited)					
(a) Residential mortgages					
Gross balance as at 1 January 2023	738,651	-	-	-	738,651
Additions Deletions	222,372	1,953	1,027	-	225,352
Gross balance as at 31 December 2023	(168,849)	(1,953)	(1,027)	-	(171,829) 792,174
	792,174	-		-	792,174
(b) Corporate exposures					
Gross balance as at 1 January 2023	2,533,005	2,964	-	-	2,535,969
Additions	2,021,690	53,820	-	-	2,075,510
Deletions	(1,698,119)	(23,983)	-	-	(1,722,102)
Gross balance as at 31 December 2023	2,856,576	32,801	-	-	2,889,377
(c) Total loans and advances					
Gross balance as at 1 January 2023	3,271,656	2,964	-	-	3,274,620
Additions					
Deletions	2,244,062	55,773	1,027	-	2,300,862
Deletions	2,244,062 (1,866,968) 3,648,750	55,773 (25,936)	1,027 (1,027)		2,300,862 (1,893,931)

Due from other financial institutions and investment securities balances were all represented in Stage 1 12-months ECL.

C. Movement in provision for impairment losses

	Stage 1 Collective provision	Stage 2 Collective provision	Stag Collective provision	je 3 Individually assessed	
			Lifetime ECL		
	12-months	not credit	<u>credit</u>	<u>credit</u>	Total
As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	ECL	impaired	impaired	impaired	provision
Due from other financial institutions ¹	14	-	-	-	14
Investment securities ²	129	-	-	-	129
Loans and advances	10,606	80	-	-	10,686
Off-balance sheet credit related commitments	638	-	-	-	638
Total provision for impairment losses as at 30 June 2024	11,387	80		-	11,467
(a) Residential mortgages					
Balance as at 1 January 2024	4,618	-	-	-	4,618
Transferred to Stage 1	247	(247)	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(247)	247	-	-	
Transferred to Stage 3		-	-	-	
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	2,724	-	-	-	2,724
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(558)	-	-	-	(558)
Balance as at 30 June 2024	6,784	-	-	-	6,784
(b) Corporate exposures					
Balance as at 1 January 2024	5,812	92	-	-	5,904
Transferred to Stage 1			-	_	-
Transferred to Stage 2	-	176	-	_	176
Transferred to Stage 3	-	-	_	_	
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	1,526	11	-	_	1,537
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(3,516)	(199)	-	_	(3,715)
Balance as at 30 June 2024	3,822	80	-	-	3,902
(c) Total loans and advances					
Balance as at 1 January 2024	10,430	92	_	_	10,522
Transferred to Stage 1	247				10,522
Transferred to Stage 2		(247) 423	-		- 176
Transferred to Stage 2	(247)	423	-		170
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	4 250	- 11	-	-	- 4,261
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	4,250		-	-	1
Total provision for impairment losses on loans & advances as at	(4,074)	(199)	-		(4,273)
30 June 2024	10,606	80	-	-	10,686

¹ There was no transfer of collective provision for due from other financial institutions between the stages. The total provision of \$14,000 (refer Note 7) was represented in 'collective provision 12-months ECL' during the period.

² There was no transfer of collective provision for investment securities between the stages. The total provision of \$129,000 was represented in 'collective provision 12-months ECL' during the period.

C. Movement in provision for impairment losses (continued)

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stag	je 3	
	Collective	Collective	Collective	Individually	
	provision	provision	provision	assessed	
			Lifetime ECL		
	12-months	not credit	<u>credit</u>	<u>credit</u>	Total
As at 30 June 2023 (Unaudited)	ECL	impaired	impaired	impaired	provision
Due from other financial institutions ¹	147	-	-	-	147
Investment securities ²	165	-	-	-	165
Loans and advances	12,623	224	-	-	12,847
Off-balance sheet credit related commitments	3,286	-	-	-	3,286
Total provision for impairment losses as at 30 June 2023	16,221	224	-	-	16,445
(a) Residential mortgages					
Balance as at 1 January 2023	6,829	-	-	-	6,829
Transferred to Stage 1		-	-	-	-,
Transferred to Stage 2	(224)	224	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 3	()		-	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	1.155	-	-	-	1,155
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-	-
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(645)	-	-	-	(645)
Recovery	(-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2023	7,115	224	-	-	7,339
					,
(b) Corporate exposures	7 44 4	450			7 000
Balance as at 1 January 2023 Transferred to Stage 1	7,414	452	-	-	7,866
Transferred to Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss Amounts written off	2,961	-	-	-	2,961
	-	-	-	-	-
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(4,867)	(452)	-	-	(5,319)
Recovery Balance as at 30 June 2023	5,508	-	-	-	5,508
Balalice as at 50 Julie 2025	5,506	-	-	-	5,506
(c) Total loans and advances					
Balance as at 1 January 2023	14,243	452	-	-	14,695
Transferred to Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(224)	224	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	4,116	-	-	-	4,116
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-	-
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(5,512)	(452)	-	-	(5,964)
Recovery	-	-	-	-	-
Total provision for impairment losses on loans & advances as at					
30 June 2023	12,623	224	-	-	12,847

¹ There was no transfer of collective provision for due from other financial institutions between the stages. The total provision of \$147,000 (refer Note 7) was represented in 'collective provision 12-months ECL' during the period.

² There was no transfer of collective provision for investment securities between the stages. The total provision of \$165,000 was represented in 'collective provision 12-months ECL' during the period.

C. Movement in provision for impairment losses (continued)

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stag	je 3	
	Collective	Collective	Collective	Individually	
	provision	provision	provision	assessed	
			Lifetime ECL		
	12-months	not credit	<u>credit</u>	<u>credit</u>	Total
As at 31 December 2023 (Audited)	ECL	<u>impaired</u>	impaired	impaired	provision
Due from other financial institutions ¹	17	-	-	-	17
Investment securities ²	205	-	-	-	205
Loans and advances	10,430	92	-	-	10,522
Off-balance sheet credit related commitments	3,694	-	-	-	3,694
Total provision for impairment losses as at 31 December 2023					
	14,346	92	-	-	14,438
(a) Residential mortgages					
Balance as at 1 January 2023	6,829	-	-	-	6,829
Transferred to Stage 1	106	(106)	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(224)	224	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 3	-	(118)	118	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	2,043	-	168	-	2,211
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(4,136)	-	(286)	-	(4,422)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	4,618	-	-	-	4,618
(b) Corporate exposures					
Balance as at 1 January 2023	7,414	452	-	_	7,866
Transferred to Stage 1		-	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(559)	559	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	6,343	9	-	-	6,352
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(7,386)	(928)	-	-	(8,314)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	5,812	92	-	-	5,904
(c) Total loans and advances					
	44.040	450			44.005
Balance as at 1 January 2023 Transferred to Stage 1	14,243 106	452	-	-	14,695
Transferred to Stage 2		(106)	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(783)	783 (118)	- 118	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	8,386	(118)	168	-	8,563
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(11,522)	(928)	(286)		(12,736)
Total provision for impairment losses on loans & advances as at	(11,522)	(320)	(200)	_	(12,130)
31 December 2023	10,430	92	-	-	10,522

¹ There was no transfer of collective provision for due from other financial institutions between the stages. The total provision of \$17,000 (refer Note 7) was represented in 'collective provision 12-months ECL' during the period.

² There was no transfer of collective provision for investment securities between the stages. The total provision of \$205,000 was represented in 'collective provision 12-months ECL' during the period.

For the six months ended 30 June 2024 All in NZD \$000's

As at 20 June 2024 (Unsudited)	Stage 1 Collective provision <u>12-months</u> ECL	Stage 2 Collective provision Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	Stage 3 Collective provision Lifetime ECL <u>credit</u> impaired	Stage 3 Individually assessed <u>Lifetime ECL</u> <u>credit</u> impaired	<u>Total</u> provision
As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)		impared	impareu	mpareu	provision
Off-balance sheet credit related business ¹	0.004				0.004
Balance as at 1 January 2024	3,694		-	-	3,694
Transferred to Stage 1	-			-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	-			-	-
Transferred to Stage 3	-			-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	790	-	-	-	790
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(3,846)	-	-	-	(3,846)
Balance as at 30 June 2024	638	-	-	-	638
As at 30 June 2023 (Unaudited)					
Off-balance sheet credit related business ¹					
Balance as at 1 January 2023	4.134	_	_	_	4,134
Transferred to Stage 1	-,10-				
Transferred to Stage 2					
Transferred to Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	1.089	-	-	-	- 1,089
Amounts written off	1,009	-	-	-	1,009
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	-	-	-	-	-
	(1,937)	-	-	-	(1,937)
Recovery Balance as at 30 June 2023	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2023	3,286	-	-	-	3,286
As at 31 December 2023 (Audited)					
Off-balance sheet credit related business ¹					
Balance as at 1 January 2023	4,134	-	-	-	4,134
Transferred to Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred to Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Charged / (credited) to profit or loss	1,876	-	-	-	1,876
Reversals of previously recognised impairment losses	(2,316)	-	-	-	(2,316)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	3,694	-	-	-	3,694

¹ The provision for off-balance sheet credit related business is included in other liabilities (Note 14).

The impairment loss on an impaired asset is calculated as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the estimated future cash flows discounted to their present value using the original effective interest rate for the asset. This discount unwinds as interest income over the period the asset is held.

The changes in the 30 June 2024 ECL outputs are the combined result of movements in the loan portfolio balances and the routine refresh of the PD and LGD factors during the six months ending 30 June 2024. Overall, net ECL for the NZ Banking Group is \$3m, for the six months ending 30 June 2024.

(a) Credit commitments to counterparties

Undrawn balances on credit commitments to counterparties for whom drawn balances are classified as individually impaired were nil as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

(b) Assets under administration

The NZ Banking Group does not have any assets under administration as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

(c) Restructured assets

The NZ Banking Group does not have any restructured assets as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

18. Concentration of credit exposures

Concentration of credit exposures arise where the NZ Banking Group is exposed to risk in industries of a similar nature or in particular geographies. The following table presents the NZ Banking Group's concentration of credit exposures reported by industry and geographic area.

ANZSIC codes have been used as the basis for disclosing industry sectors.

	On-balance sheet credit exposures			Off-balance sheet credit related commitments		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
<u>As at</u>	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2023
Industry sector						
Accommodation and food services	14,840	-	14,849	-	-	100,000
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	60,329	49,915	49,937	9,934	6,955	7,552
Construction	386,806	435,206	407,940	34,330	98,318	65,816
Education & training	88,684	81,478	84,956	4,503	14,568	9,694
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	548,407	460,717	435,845	377,519	368,704	541,277
Financial and insurance services	375,488	407,196	237,023	-	-	-
Healthcare and social assistance	260,234	146,729	242,183	20,955	43,833	39,515
Information media and telecommunications	149,715	149,296	149,672	20,907	21,320	20,976
Local government administration	-	-	-	25,000	-	-
Manufacturing	370,148	181,911	481,863	391,555	261,396	9,943
Mining	45,167	43,242	39,920	15,214	17,143	20,357
Personal lending	871,457	772,849	792,174	15,872	940	5,766
Public administration and safety	752,082	790,406	625,640	-	-	-
Rental, hiring and real estate services	918,818	756,795	832,302	62,177	166,943	134,179
Retail trade	64,260	4,954	64,464	127	127	127
Transport, postal and warehousing	118,826	113,734	85,446	238,094	234,729	282,110
Subtotal	5,025,261	4,394,428	4,544,214	1,216,187	1,234,976	1,237,312
Unearned income	(11,776)	(6,379)	(10,236)	-	-	-
Loan origination fees	1,558	872	1,554	-	-	-
Fair value hedge adjustments	(746)	(2,998)	(1,319)	-	-	-
Provision for impairment losses ¹	(10,700)	(12,994)	(10,539)	(638)	(3,286)	(3,694)
Total credit exposures	5,003,597	4,372,929	4,523,674	1,215,549	1,231,690	1,233,618
Geographic area ²						
New Zealand	4,425,524	3,641,936	3,945,601	1,202,880	1,079,123	1,088,622
Other countries	578,073	730,993	578,073	12,669	152,567	144,996
Total credit exposures	5,003,597	4,372,929	4,523,674	1,215,549	1,231,690	1,233,618

¹ Provision for impairment losses on On-balance sheet credit exposures includes Loans and advances and Due from other financial institutions.

² Geographic area classification is based on customer's tax residency status.

19. Market risk management

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of loss in earnings or in economic value as a consequence of movements in interest rates. All traded market interest rate risk is derived from customer deals that are systematically hedged at the time of trading, leaving no residual risk. The NZ Banking Group's non-traded interest rate risk mainly comprises of yield curve, repricing, basis and optionality risks arising from mismatch of term structure and pricing basis of assets and liabilities in the NZ Banking Group's book. The NZ Banking Group uses the following tools to monitor and manage its interest rate risk:

- Interest rate repricing gap limits: This includes both limits on the aggregate net position, curve risk and limits applied to the short or long position for each repricing time bucket.
- Simulations using interest rate scenarios are used to provide a series of potential NII outcomes. NII is modelled using a 100 basis
 point parallel shift in the yield curve above and below current levels. NII outcomes from these yield curve shocks are monitored and
 reported internally against a prescribed monitoring trigger. Additional stressed interest rate scenarios are also considered and
 modelled.

(b) Interest rate repricing gap analysis

The following table presents the NZ Banking Group's assets and liabilities at their carrying amounts as at 30 June 2024, categorised by the earlier of the contractual repricing or maturity dates. The carrying amounts of derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to reduce the NZ Banking Group's exposure to interest rate movements, are included under the heading "Non-interest bearing".

	Up to	Over 3 to	Over 6 to	Over 1 to	Over	Non interest	
As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	3 months	6 months	12 months	2 years	2 years	bearing	Total
Financial assets							
Cash and balances with central banks	609,798	-	-	-	-	-	609,798
Due from other financial institutions	255,714	-	-	-	-	174	255,888
Investment securities	97,185	-	32,490	-	96,714	1,574	227,963
Loans and advances ¹	2,933,980	315,714	382,182	199,450	45,209	(494)	3,876,041
Due from related parties	358	-	-	-	-	-	358
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	33,549	33,549
Total financial assets	3,897,035	315,714	414,672	199,450	141,923	34,803	5,003,597
Non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	7,954	7,954
Total assets	3,897,035	315,714	414,672	199,450	141,923	42,757	5,011,551
Financial liabilities							
Due to other financial institutions	1,072,727	460,818	82,142	-	225,098	31,876	1,872,661
Deposits from customers	189,281	101,796	136,873	20,397	3,437	6,192	457,976
Debt securities issued	575,000	282,141	-	-	-	3,024	860,165
Due to related parties	155,093	-	164,285	246,427	844,127	(18,560)	1,391,372
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	18,427	18,427
Total financial liabilities	1,992,101	844,755	383,300	266,824	1,072,662	40,959	4,600,601
Non-financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	10,742	10,742
Total liabilities	1,992,101	844,755	383,300	266,824	1,072,662	51,701	4,611,343
On-balance sheet interest rate							
repricing gap	1,904,934	(529,041)	31,372	(67,374)	(930,739)	(8,944)	400,208
Net derivative notional amount	(1,375,670)	238,785	324,433	223,592	588,860	-	-
Net interest rate repricing gap	529,264	(290,256)	355,805	156,218	(341,879)	(8,944)	400,208

¹ Included in loans and advances under the "Non-interest bearing" category are provisions for impairment losses and accrued interest on loans.

For the six months ended 30 June 2024

All in NZD \$000's

As at 30 June 2023 (Unaudited)	Up to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 to 12 months	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 years	Non interest bearing	Total
Financial assets							
Cash and balances with central banks	542,247	-	-	-	-	-	542,247
Due from other financial institutions	116,223	-	-	-	-	116	116,339
Investment securities	75,077	-	109,605	42,876	94,344	1,875	323,777
Loans and advances ¹	2,398,750	252,963	338,384	158,234	33,700	(6,557)	3,175,474
Due from related parties	164,817	-	-	-	-	-	164,817
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	50,275	50,275
Total financial assets	3,297,114	252,963	447,989	201,110	128,044	45,709	4,372,929
Non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	13,171	13,171
Total assets	3,297,114	252,963	447,989	201,110	128,044	58,880	4,386,100
Financial liabilities							
Due to other financial institutions	405,564	117,034	341,620	-	-	9,000	873,218
Deposits from customers	224,697	80,133	90,755	5,971	-	5,211	406,767
Debt securities issued	725,000	20,000	-	85,000	-	(320)	829,680
Due to related parties	879,974	166,156	49,245	164,150	656,599	(43,683)	1,872,441
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	40,681	40,681
Total financial liabilities	2,235,235	383,323	481,620	255,121	656,599	10,889	4,022,787
Non-financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	16,496	16,496
Total liabilities	2,235,235	383,323	481,620	255,121	656,599	27,385	4,039,283
On-balance sheet interest rate							
repricing gap	1,061,879	(130,360)	(33,631)	(54,011)	(528,555)	31,495	346,817
Net derivative notional amount	(1,171,455)	125,851	367,116	167,920	510,568	-	-
Net interest rate repricing gap	(109,576)	(4,509)	333,485	113,909	(17,987)	31,495	346,817

¹ Included in Loans and advances under the "Non-interest bearing" category are provisions for impairment losses and accrued interest on loans.

As at 31 December 2023 (Audited)

Financial assets							
Cash and balances with central banks	372,436	-	-	-	-	-	372,436
Due from other financial institutions	128,243	-	-	-	-	196	128,439
Investment securities	85,100	110,975	11,864	32,012	97,009	1,929	338,889
Loans and advances ¹	2,724,835	198,897	452,390	238,466	48,013	(1,573)	3,661,028
Due from related parties	967	-	-	-	-	-	967
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	21,915	21,915
Total financial assets	3,311,581	309,872	464,254	270,478	145,022	22,467	4,523,674
Non-financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	9,176	9,176
Total assets	3,311,581	309,872	464,254	270,478	145,022	31,643	4,532,850
Financial liabilities							
Due to other financial institutions	469,049	78,771	454,011	-	221,902	25,462	1,249,195
Deposits from customers	300,620	114,999	63,185	20,084	3,151	7,281	509,320
Debt securities issued	745,000	40,000	85,000	-	-	2,408	872,408
Due to related parties	201,691	230,263	148,727	252,068	630,169	(13,550)	1,449,368
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	62,976	62,976
Total financial liabilities	1,716,360	464,033	750,923	272,152	855,222	84,577	4,143,267
Non-financial liabilities	-		-		-	18,053	18,053
Total liabilities	1,716,360	464,033	750,923	272,152	855,222	102,630	4,161,320
On-balance sheet interest rate							
repricing gap	1,595,221	(154,161)	(286,669)	(1,674)	(710,200)	(70,987)	371,530
Net derivative notional amount	(1,752,413)	137,254	682,300	210,307	722,552	-	
Net interest rate repricing gap	(157,192)	(16,907)	395,631	208,633	12,352	(70,987)	371,530

¹ Included in Loans and advances under the "Non-interest bearing" category are provisions for impairment losses and accrued interest on loans.

20. Liquidity and funding risk management

(a) Liquidity portfolio management

The NZ Banking Group held the following financial assets for the purpose of managing liquidity risk:

Note	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
6	609,798	542,247	372,436
7	255,888	116,339	128,439
16	347	589	953
	866,033	659,175	501,828
8	85,679	75,618	85,685
8	136,370	242,377	247,334
8	5,914	5,782	5,870
	227,963	323,777	338,889
	1,093,996	982,952	840,717
	6 7 16 8 8	Note 30 Jun 2024 6 609,798 7 255,888 16 347 866,033 866,033 8 85,679 8 136,370 8 5,914 227,963 227,963	Note 30 Jun 2024 30 Jun 2023 6 609,798 542,247 7 255,888 116,339 16 347 589 866,033 659,175 8 85,679 75,618 8 136,370 242,377 8 5,914 5,782 227,963 323,777

¹ Due from other financial institutions includes nostro accounts and short-term placements held with other financial institutions.

² Due from related parties includes nostro account balances held with the Ultimate Parent Bank.

(b) Contractual maturity analysis of financial liabilities

The table below presents the NZ Banking Group's cash flows by remaining period to contractual maturity as at reporting date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows and include principal and future interest cash flows and therefore will not agree to the carrying amounts on the balance sheet, except for derivatives held for trading where the full mark to market amount has been included.

Actual cash flows may differ significantly from the contractual cash flows presented below as a result of future actions of the NZ Banking Group and its counterparties such as early repayments or refinancing of term loans. The contractual maturity analysis for off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities has been prepared using the earliest date at which the NZ Banking Group can be called upon to pay. The liquidity risk of credit related commitments and contingent liabilities may be less than the contract amount and does not necessarily represent future cash requirements as many of these facilities are expected to be only partially used or to expire unused. The NZ Banking Group does not manage its liquidity risk based on the analysis presented in the below table.

On demand	0-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Carrying amount
2,300	1,068,793	593,504	239,025	-	1,903,622	1,872,661
31,812	157,423	254,132	26,967	-	470,334	457,976
-	89,529	124,749	753,106	-	967,384	860,165
-	260,284	441,625	794,100	-	1,496,009	1,391,372
-	258	774	2,352	98	3,482	3,358
34,112	1,576,287	1,414,784	1,815,550	98	4,840,831	4,585,532
-	-	-	752	-	752	
-	(471,960)	(519,068)	(330,850)	-	(1,321,878)	
-	487,212	527,354	327,016	-	1,341,582	
-	15,252	8,286	(3,082)	-	20,456	18,427
1,215,549					1,215,549	
	demand 2,300 31,812 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	demand months 2,300 1,068,793 31,812 157,423 - 89,529 - 260,284 - 258 34,112 1,576,287 - (471,960) - 487,212 - 15,252	demand months months 2,300 1,068,793 593,504 31,812 157,423 254,132 - 89,529 124,749 - 260,284 441,625 - 258 774 34,112 1,576,287 1,414,784 - (471,960) (519,068) - 487,212 527,354 - 15,252 8,286	demand months months years 2,300 1,068,793 593,504 239,025 31,812 157,423 254,132 26,967 - 89,529 124,749 753,106 - 260,284 441,625 794,100 - 258 774 2,352 34,112 1,576,287 1,414,784 1,815,550 - - 752 - - - - 752 - (471,960) (519,068) (330,850) - 487,212 527,354 327,016 - 15,252 8,286 (3,082)	demand months months years 5 years 2,300 1,068,793 593,504 239,025 - 31,812 157,423 254,132 26,967 - - 89,529 124,749 753,106 - - 260,284 441,625 794,100 - - 258 774 2,352 98 34,112 1,576,287 1,414,784 1,815,550 98 - - - 752 - - (471,960) (519,068) (330,850) - - 487,212 527,354 327,016 - - 15,252 8,286 (3,082) -	demand months months years 5 years Total 2,300 1,068,793 593,504 239,025 - 1,903,622 31,812 157,423 254,132 26,967 - 470,334 - 89,529 124,749 753,106 - 967,384 - 260,284 441,625 794,100 - 1,496,009 - 258 774 2,352 98 3,482 34,112 1,576,287 1,414,784 1,815,550 98 4,840,831 - - - 752 - 752 - (471,960) (519,068) (330,850) - (1,321,878) - 487,212 527,354 327,016 - 1,341,582 - 15,252 8,286 (3,082) - 20,456

For the six months ended 30 June 2024

All in NZD \$000's

As at 30 June 2023 (Unaudited)	On demand	0-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Total	Carrying amount
Non-derivative financial liabilities Due to other financial institutions Deposits from customers	- 31,517	355,876 194,766	494,432 182,846	35,000 4,907	- 1,541	885,308 415,577	873,218 406,767
Debt securities issued Due to related parties Subordinated debt	- -	159,970 891,590 -	203,534 235,059 -	556,117 874,379 -	- -	919,621 2,001,028 -	829,680 1,872,441 -
Lease liabilities Total non-derivative financial liabilities		257 1,602,459	773	3,296	187 1,728	4,513 4,226,047	4,305 3,986,411
Derivative financial liabilities	01,011	1,002,100	.,,	1,110,000	1,120	1,120,011	0,000,111
Held for trading	-	634	-	-	-	634	
Gross settled – cash inflow	-	(692,081)	(141,888)	(1,017,499)	-	(1,851,468)	
Gross settled – cash outflow	-	721,647	168,555	1,008,606	-	1,898,808	
Total derivative financial liabilities	-	30,200	26,667	(8,893)	-	47,974	40,681
Lending commitments (off-balance sheet)	1,231,690	-	-	-	-	1,231,690	
As at 31 December 2023 (Audited)							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Due to other financial institutions	320	435,557	613,285	239,299	-	1,288,461	1,249,195
Deposits from customers	39,001	266,244	187,856	26,284	-	519,385	509,320
Debt securities issued	-	181,946	239,934	548,700	-	970,580	872,408
Due to related parties	-	210,322	413,836	937,792	-	1,561,950	1,449,368
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities Total non-derivative financial	-	258	774	2,824	143	3,999	3,835
liabilities	39,321	1,094,327	1,455,685	1,754,899	143	4,344,375	4,084,126
Derivative financial liabilities							
Held for trading	-	-	-	1,029	-	1,029	
Gross settled – cash inflow	-	(132,080)	(830,085)	(1,150,702)	-	(2,112,867)	
Gross settled – cash outflow	-	153,935	873,675	1,140,752	-	2,168,362	
Total derivative financial liabilities	-	21,855	43,590	(8,921)	-	56,524	62,976
Lending commitments (off-balance sheet)	1,233,618	-	-		-	1,233,618	

21. Concentrations of funding

Concentrations of funding arise where the NZ Banking Group is funded by industries of a similar nature or in particular geographies. The following table presents the NZ Banking Group's concentrations of funding, which are reported by industry and geographic area.

ANZSIC codes have been used as the basis for disclosing industry sectors.

As at	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Total funding comprises	4 070 004	070.040	4 9 49 495
Due to other financial institutions	1,872,661	873,218	1,249,195
Deposits from customers	457,976	406,767	509,320
Debt securities issued	860,165	829,680	872,408
Due to related parties	1,391,372	1,872,441	1,449,368
Total funding	4,582,174	3,982,106	4,080,291
Concentration of funding by industry sector			
Accommodation and food services	43,856	10,032	31,115
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	15,216	3,252	5,356
Construction	17,928	27,180	20,866
Financial and insurance services	2,934,829	1,859,169	2,303,076
Households	13,928	13,483	13,153
Information media & telecommunications	6,671	-	-
Local government administration	-	50,657	82,316
Manufacturing	280	1,636	548
Other	75,931	77,341	55,815
Rental, hiring and real estate services	21,703	6,379	27,261
Retail trade	162	248	156
Transport, postal and warehousing	60,242	60,228	90,596
Wholesale trade	56	60	665
Subtotal	3,190,802	2,109,665	2,630,923
Due to related parties (including subordinated debt)	1,391,372	1,872,441	1,449,368
Total funding	4,582,174	3,982,106	4,080,291
Concentration of funding by geographic region ¹			
New Zealand	1,396,770	1,323,534	1,464,447
Other countries	3,185,404	2,658,572	2,615,844
Total funding	4,582,174	3,982,106	4,080,291
	4,002,114	0,001,100	4,000,201

¹ The geographic region used for debt securities issued is based on the nature of the debt programmes.

22. Capital adequacy

The NZ Banking Group is subject to the capital adequacy requirements for registered banks as specified by the RBNZ for two banking licenses, one for CCBNZL and another in relation to the branch. The RBNZ has set minimum regulatory capital requirements for banks that are consistent with the internationally agreed framework (commonly known as Basel III) developed by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. These requirements define what is acceptable as capital and provide methods for measuring the risks incurred by banks. The branch and CCBNZL must comply with RBNZ's registration requirements, including any minimum capital ratios under the conditions of registration for each respective banking licence.

The objective of the Basel III framework is to develop capital adequacy guidelines that are more accurately aligned with the individual risk profile of banks. Basel III consists of three pillars - Pillar 1 covers the capital requirements for banks for credit, operational and market risks, Pillar 2 covers all other material risks not already included in Pillar 1, and Pillar 3 relates to market disclosure.

Capital management

The primary objectives of the NZ Banking Group's capital management are to ensure that the NZ Banking Group complies with the externally imposed capital requirements set by the RBNZ and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support the future development and growth of the business and to maximise shareholder value.

The Boards of Directors for CCBNZL and the Overseas Bank have ultimate responsibility for ensuring there is adequate overall capital in relation to the entities' risk profiles and establish minimum internal capital levels and limits above the regulatory minimums to reduce the risk of breaching regulatory requirements. CCBNZL and the Overseas Bank each actively monitor their capital adequacy as part of ICAAP, for CCBNZL, which complies with the requirements set out in BPR100: Capital Adequacy, and the "Internal Capital Assessment" for the Overseas Bank, and reports this on a regular basis to senior management and the respective Boards.

The key features of the ICAAP and Internal Capital Assessment:

- · Development of a capital management strategy, including preferred capital range, capital buffers and contingency plans;
- Consideration of regulatory capital requirements, the Overseas Banking Group's strategy and risk appetite;
- Identifying and evaluating all risk types, estimating capital utilisation and incorporating the impact of adverse economic scenarios; and
- · Consideration of the perspectives of external stakeholders including rating agencies, equity investors and debt investors.

CCBNZL regulatory requirement

Capital ratios are used to define minimum capital requirements for each of: CET1, Tier 1 capital (CET1 plus AT1), and Total capital (Tier 1 plus Tier 2), as a percentage of risk-weighted assets. CCBNZL calculated its regulatory capital requirements in accordance with the RBNZ's BPR Framework under the Standardised approach. As a condition of registration, CCBNZL must comply with the following minimum requirements set by the RBNZ:

- Total capital ratio must not be less than 8% of risk weighted exposures.
- Tier 1 capital ratio must not be less than 6% of risk weighted exposures.
- Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio must not be less than 4.5% of risk weighted exposures.
- Capital of CCBNZL must not be less than NZ\$30 million.

In December 2019, the RBNZ announced changes to capital prudential policy settings following the completion of the Capital Review. These changes are being implemented in stages through to 2028. The next scheduled change is set for 1 July 2024, when the minimum total capital requirement will increase from 8% to 9%, and the minimum Tier 1 capital requirement will rise from 6% to 7%. The revised framework requires CCBNZL, as a standardised registered bank, to increase its capital ratio to 16% by July 2028. CCBNZL does not expect the revised framework to result in any changes to the underlying business model or its approach to raising equity.

CCBNZL has complied with all the relevant RBNZ minimum capital ratios to which it was subject during the reporting period. CCBNZL's total capital ratio was 18.38% as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: 18.65%, 31 December 2023: 19.44%).

Overseas Banking Group regulatory requirement

The Overseas Banking Group shall calculate and disclose capital adequacy ratios in accordance with the Rules on Capital Management of Commercial Banks. Based on the approval to implement the advanced capital measurement method granted in 2014, the former China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission (now NAFR) approved the Overseas Banking Group to expand the implementation scope of the advanced capital measurement method in April 2020. Pursuant to the regulatory requirements, the Overseas Banking Group calculates capital adequacy ratios using both the advanced approach and other approaches for capital measurement and complies with the relevant requirements for capital floors.

The CET1 ratio should be at or above a minimum of 5%, the Tier 1 ratio at or above a minimum of 6%, and the total capital ratio at or above a minimum of 8%. In addition to these requirements, banks must also meet the capital conservation buffer, counter-cyclical capital buffer, Global and Domestic Systemically Important Banks' additional buffer, and Pillar II capital requirements.

The Overseas Banking Group met the capital requirements imposed on them by the NAFR as at 31 March 2024.

This information is available via the Overseas Bank's website (www.ccb.com).

The capital ratios below have been calculated in accordance with the Rules on Capital Management of Commercial Banks, issued by the NAFR and have been taken from the most recent publicly available financial statements.

As at	Unaudited 31 Mar 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Unaudited 31 Dec 2023
Ultimate Parent Bank Group			
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio	14.11%	12.75%	13.15%
Tier 1 capital ratio	15.04%	13.39%	14.04%
Total capital ratio	19.34%	17.40%	17.95%
<u>As at</u> Ultimate Parent Bank		31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2022
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio		13.03%	13.67%
Tier 1 capital ratio		13.91%	14.35%
Total capital ratio		17.98%	18.56%

Capital instruments

Ordinary shares

In accordance with the RBNZ Capital Adequacy Framework (Standardised Approach), ordinary share capital is classified as CET1 capital.

In relation to the ordinary shares:

- · there are no options or facilities for early redemptions, conversion, write-down or capital repayment;
- there is no predetermined dividend rate;
- there is no maturity date;
- there are no options granted or to be granted pursuant to any arrangement;
- they have equal voting rights and share equally in dividends and profit on winding up. They represent the most subordinated claim on winding up; and
- dividends are declared and paid out from distributable items (including retained earnings), subject to restrictions as per the conditions of registration applicable to the Bank.

Credit and market risk Additional mortgage information

Residential mortgages by loan-to-valuation ratio

As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	Does not exceed 80%	Exceeds 80% and not 90%	Exceeds 90%	Total
Loan-to-valuation ratio				
On-balance sheet exposures				
Residential mortgages - owner occupied	432,512	-	-	432,512
Residential mortgages - investment	432,161	-	-	432,161
Total on-balance sheet exposures	864,673	-	-	864,673
Off-balance sheet exposures	15,872	-	-	15,872
Value of exposures	880,545	-	-	880,545

The information in the above table is in respect of the total residential mortgage loans used to calculate the NZ Banking Group's Pillar 1 capital requirement for credit risk, categorised by loan-to-valuation ratio.

Any residential mortgage loan for which no loan-to-valuation ratio is available is included in the category for loan-to-valuation ratios that exceed 90%.

The following table is a reconciliation between any figures disclosed elsewhere in the Disclosure Statement that relate to mortgages on residential property:

Note 3	Unaudited 0 Jun 2024
9	871,457
17 A.	(6,784)
17 A.	864,673
	15,872
	880,545
	9 17 A.

Market risk

E	nd of period ca	pital charge	Peak end-of-day capital char		
As at 30 June 2024 (Unaudited)	Implied risk weighted exposure	Aggregate capital charge	Implied risk weighted exposure	Aggregate capital charge	
Interest rate risk	51,221	4,098	91,112	7,289	
Foreign currency risk	2,352	188	4,671	374	
Total market risk	53,573	4,286	95,783	7,663	

Peak end-of-day aggregate capital charge for each category of market risk is derived by determining the maximum over the six months ended 30 June 2024 of the aggregate capital charge at the close of each business day derived in accordance with Part A of BPR140: Market Risk.

Other Disclosures

23. Insurance business, securitisation, funds management, other fiduciary activities and the marketing and distribution of insurance products

Insurance

The NZ Banking Group does not conduct any insurance business.

Securitisation, funds management, other fiduciary activities and marketing and distribution of insurance products

The NZ Banking Group is not involved in:

- · the establishment, marketing, or sponsorship of trust, custodial, funds management and other fiduciary activities;
- the origination of securitised assets;
- · the marketing or servicing of securitisation schemes; and
- the marketing or distribution of insurance products.

24. Commitments and contingent liabilities

The NZ Banking Group is party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet credit risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, financial guarantees, standby letters of credit, trade letters of credit, non-financial guarantees and underwriting facilities.

The NZ Banking Group's exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party is represented by the contract or notional amount of those financial instruments. The NZ Banking Group uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations for off-balance sheet risk as it does for on-balance sheet financial instruments.

Credit related and other commitments (contractual or notional amount) and contingent liabilities arising in respect of the NZ Banking Group's operations were:

As at	Unaudited 30 Jun 2024	Unaudited 30 Jun 2023	Audited 31 Dec 2023
Credit related commitments and contingent liabilities			
Commitments to extend credit ¹	1,215,353	1,081,805	1,091,634
Standby letters of credit	-	147,735	141,788
Non-financial guarantees	196	2,150	196
Total credit related commitments and contingent liabilities	1,215,549	1,231,690	1,233,618

¹ Commitments to extend credit includes provision for off-balance sheet credit related business.

There were no other capital commitments and contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023:nil, 31 December 2023: nil).

25. Events subsequent to the reporting date

No material impact on the NZ Banking Group is anticipated following the post balance date appointment of receivers over a corporate customer. There was no material event that occurred subsequent to the reporting date that requires recognition or additional disclosure in these financial statements.

26. Other material matters

The Board is of the opinion that there are no other material matters relating to the business or affairs of the NZ Banking Group which are not contained elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement and which would, if disclosed in this Disclosure Statement, materially affect the decision of a person to subscribe for debt securities of which NZ Banking Group is the issuer.

27. Other information on the Overseas Banking Group

As at	31 March 2024
Profitability	
Net profit after tax for the period ended 31 March 2024	RMB 86,907 million
Net profit after tax for the 12 months ended 31 March 2024 as a % of average total assets	0.86%
Size	
Total assets	RMB 39,729,281 million
% change in total assets from 31 March 2023	7.55%
<u>As at</u>	31 December 2023
Asset quality	
Total gross individually impaired assets	RMB 325,256 million
Total individually impaired assets as a % of total assets	0.85%
Total individual credit impairment allowance	RMB 224,504 million
Total individual credit impairment allowance as a % of total gross individually impaired assets	69.02%
Total collective impairment allowance	RMB 553,719 million

The amounts included in this summary have been taken from the most recent publicly available data.

28. Credit ratings of the Overseas Bank

As at the date of signing this Disclosure Statement, the following credit ratings were assigned to the Overseas Bank applicable to its long-term senior unsecured obligations payable in foreign currency:

Rating agency	Credit rating	Qualification
Standard & Poor's Ratings Services	А	Outlook Stable
Moody's Investors Service	A1	Outlook Negative
Fitch Ratings	А	Outlook Negative

On 16 April 2024, Fitch affirmed the Overseas Bank's A rating and adjusted the outlook from stable to negative.

29. Conditions of registration

The branch and CCBNZL have complied with all conditions of registration over the accounting period. There have been no changes to the conditions of registration between 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 for the branch.



Assurance engagements performed by Ernst & Young

China Construction Bank Corporation New Zealand Banking Group (the "Group") comprises the New Zealand business of China Construction Bank Corporation (incorporated in China and trading as China Construction Bank Corporation New Zealand Branch) and China Construction Bank (New Zealand) Limited.

Our assurance procedures consisted of the following:

- Limited assurance engagement in relation to the condensed interim financial statements (the "Interim Financial Statements") of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2024 that are required by Clause 26 of the Registered Bank Disclosure Statements (Overseas Incorporated Registered Banks) Order 2014 (as amended) (the "Order") included on pages 6 to 35 of the Disclosure Statement. These pages also include the Supplementary Information, and the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information which are subject to separate conclusions as described below and so are not covered by the Interim Financial Statements assurance.
- Limited assurance engagement in relation to the information required by Clause 23 of the Order to be disclosed in accordance with Schedule 5 (being the "additional information on statement of financial position" that is presented on the balance sheet, "additional information on income statement" that is presented on the statement of comprehensive income and in Note 3, "additional information on concentrations of credit risk" (Note 18), "additional information on concentrations of funding" (Note 21), "additional information on interest rate sensitivity" (Note 19), "additional information on liquidity risk" (Note 20), "registered bank profitability and size" (Note 27) and reconciliation of mortgage-related amounts (Note 22)), Schedule 7 (Asset Quality in Notes 4 and 17), Schedule 12 (Insurance, securitisation, funds management, other fiduciary activities, and marketing and distribution of insurance products in Note 23) and Schedule 14 (Risk Management Policies on page 19) of the Order (together the "Supplementary Information"). The Supplementary Information is presented for the six months ended 30 June 2024 or as at that date, as applicable.
- Limited assurance engagement in relation to the information required by Clause 23 of the Order to be disclosed in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Order which is disclosed in Note 22 (the "Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information"). The Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information is presented for the six months ended 30 June 2024 or as at that date, as applicable.

Independent Auditor's Review Report to the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation

Report on the Interim Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Conclusion

We have reviewed the Interim Financial Statements and Supplementary Information (as defined above). The Interim Financial Statements comprise:

- the balance sheet of the Group as at 30 June 2024;
- the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the six months then ended of the Group; and
- other explanatory information.

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the:

- Interim Financial Statements have not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with New Zealand Equivalent to International Accounting Standard 34: Interim Financial Reporting (NZ IAS 34) and International Accounting Standard 34: Interim Financial Reporting (IAS 34), and
- Supplementary Information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with Schedules 5, 7, 12 and 14 of the Order:
 - does not present fairly, in all material respects, the matters to which it relates; or
 - is not disclosed, in all material respects, in accordance with those schedules.

This report is made solely to the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation, as a body. Our review has been undertaken so that we might state to the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation those matters we are required to state to them in an independent auditor's review report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation, as a body, for our review work, for this report, or for the conclusions we have formed.

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Basis for conclusion

We conducted our review in accordance with New Zealand Standard on Review Engagements 2410 (Revised) *Review* of *Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* (NZ SRE 2410 (Revised)). Our responsibilities are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the Interim Financial Statements and Supplementary Information* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements in New Zealand relating to the audit of the annual financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these ethical requirements.

Ernst & Young provides financial statement and supplementary information audit and other assurance services to the Group. Partners and employees of our firm may deal with the Group on normal terms within the ordinary course of trading activities of the business of the Group. We have no other relationship with, or interest in, the Group.

Directors' responsibilities for the Interim Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

The Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation are responsible, on behalf of the entity, for the preparation and fair presentation of the Interim Financial Statements in accordance with Clause 26 of the Order, which requires the Interim Financial Statements to comply with NZ IAS 34 and IAS 34, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of Interim Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In addition, the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation are responsible, on behalf of the entity, for the preparation and disclosure of the Supplementary Information which presents fairly, in all material respects, the matters to which it relates in accordance with Schedules 5, 7, 12 and 14 of the Order.

Auditor's responsibilities for the review of the Interim Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Interim Financial Statements and Supplementary Information based on our review. NZ SRE 2410 (Revised) requires us to conclude whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the:

- Interim Financial Statements, taken as a whole, have not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with NZ IAS 34 and IAS 34; and
- Supplementary Information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with Schedules 5, 7, 12 and 14 of the Order:
 - does not present fairly, in all material respects, the matters to which it relates; or
 - is not disclosed, in all material respects, in accordance with those schedules; or
 - if applicable, has not been prepared in all material respects in accordance with any conditions of registration relating to disclosure requirements imposed under section 74(4)(c) of the Banking Prudential Supervision) Act 1989.

A review in accordance with NZ SRE 2410 (Revised) is a limited assurance engagement. We perform procedures, consisting of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. The procedures performed in a review are substantially less than those performed in an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) and consequently do not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the Interim Financial Statements and Supplementary Information.

The engagement partner on the review resulting in this independent auditor's review report is Emma Winsloe.

Ernst + Young

Chartered Accountants Auckland 28 August 2024

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Independent Assurance Report to the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation

Limited assurance report on the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information

Conclusion

We have undertaken a limited assurance engagement on the compliance, in all material respects, of the Group's Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information for the six months ended 30 June 2024 or as at that date, as applicable, with Schedule 9 of the Order.

Based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information for the six months ended 30 June 2024 or as at that date, as applicable, disclosed in Note 22 to the Interim Financial Statements, is not disclosed, in all material respects, in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Order.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our engagement in accordance with Standard on Assurance Engagements 3100 (Revised) *Compliance Engagements* (SAE 3100 (Revised)) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

We believe the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation are responsible for:

- 1. Compliance with the Order, including Clause 23 which requires the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information to be included in the Disclosure Statement in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Order.
- 2. Identification of risks that threaten compliance with Clause 23 and Schedule 9 of the Order being met, controls which will mitigate those risks and monitoring ongoing compliance.

Our Independence and Quality Management

We have complied with the independence and other requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand), issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour.

The firm applies Professional and Ethical Standard 3 *Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Statements, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements*, which requires the firm to design, implement and operate a system of quality management including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Assurance Practitioner's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express a limited assurance conclusion on whether the Group's Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information is not disclosed, in all material respects, in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Order. SAE 3100 (Revised) requires that we plan and perform our procedures to obtain limited assurance about whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Group's Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information is not disclosed, in all material respects, in accordance with Schedule 9 of the Order.

In a limited assurance engagement, the assurance practitioner performs procedures, primarily consisting of discussion and enquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, and observation and walk-throughs, and evaluates the evidence obtained. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including identifying areas where the risk of material non-compliance with Schedule 9 of the Order is likely to arise.



Given the circumstances of the engagement, in performing the procedures listed above we:

- Obtained an understanding of the Group's compliance framework and internal control environment to meet the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information requirements in accordance with the Reserve Bank of New Zealand's (RBNZ) prudential requirements for banks.
- Obtained an understanding of the processes, models, data and internal controls implemented over the preparation of the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information.
- Agreed selected elements of the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information to information extracted from the Group's models, accounting records or other supporting documentation or, in relation to Clause 5 of Schedule 9 of the Order, publicly available information.
- Performed analytical and other procedures on the Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information disclosed in accordance with Schedule 9 and considered its consistency with the Interim Financial Statements of the Group.
- Obtained an understanding and assessed the impact of any matters of non-compliance, advised to us or of which we otherwise became aware, with the RBNZ's prudential requirements for banks that relate to credit and market risk exposures and capital adequacy information and inspected relevant correspondence with RBNZ.

The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed. Accordingly, we do not express a reasonable assurance opinion on compliance with Schedule 9 of the Order.

Ernst & Young provides financial statement and supplementary information audit and interim review services, and other assurance services to the Group. Partners and employees of our firm may deal with the Group on normal terms within the ordinary course of trading activities of the business of the Group. We have no other relationship with, or interest in, the Group.

Inherent Limitations

Because of the inherent limitations of an assurance engagement, together with the internal control structure, it is possible that fraud, error, or non-compliance with compliance requirements may occur and not be detected. A limited assurance engagement on the Group's disclosure of Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information in the Disclosure Statement for the six months ended 30 June 2024 or as at that date, as applicable, does not provide assurance on whether compliance will continue in the future.

Restrictions on Use of Report

This report has been prepared for the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation for the purpose of providing limited assurance as to whether the Group's Credit and Market Risk Exposures and Capital Adequacy Information has complied with Schedule 9 of the Order. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Group and the Directors of China Construction Bank Corporation for our limited assurance work, for this report, or for the conclusions we have formed. We acknowledge that our report will be included in the Group's Disclosure Statement.

Ernst + Young

Chartered Accountants Auckland 28 August 2024